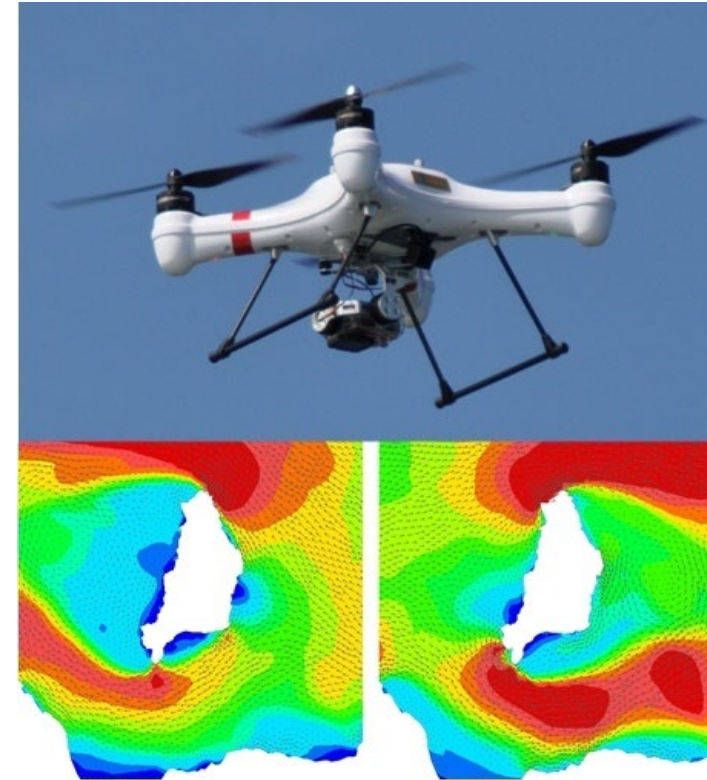


Current measurements important across ORE

Limitations of ADCPs

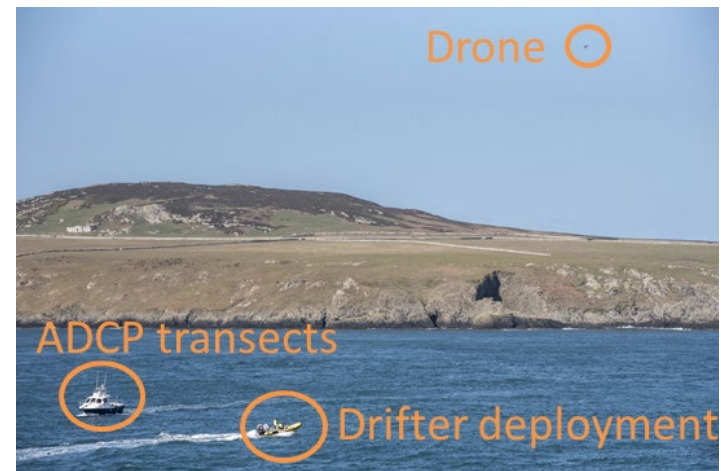
- Cost, risk, vessel / point measurements only...

Challenge: validate low-cost, low-risk drone current mapping





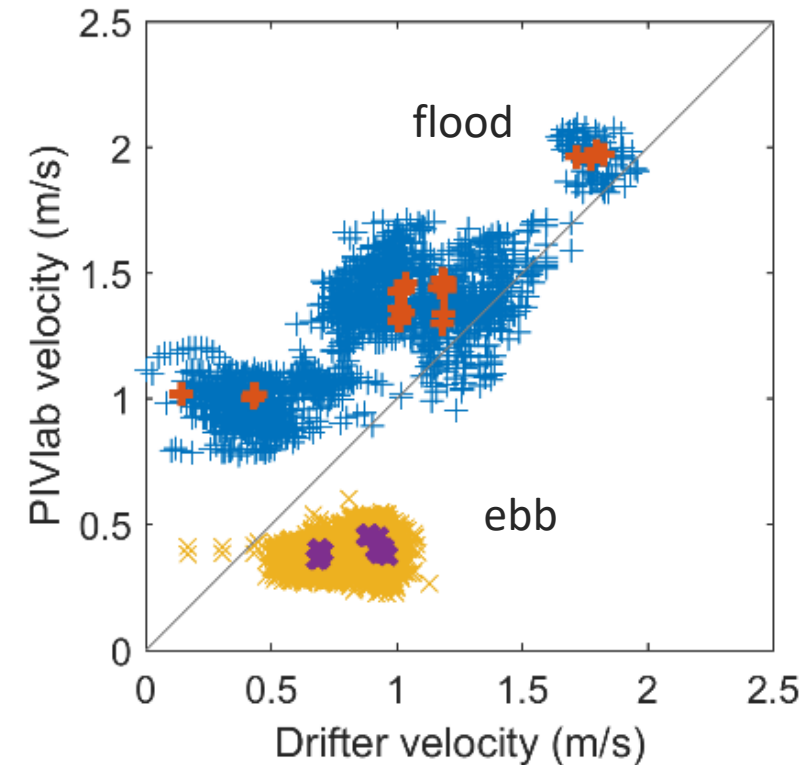
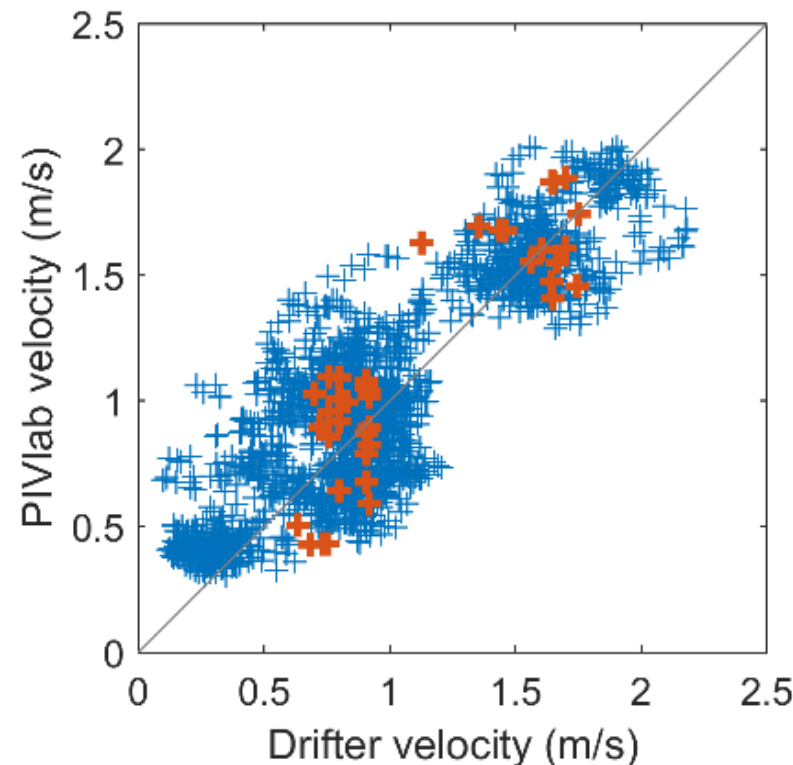
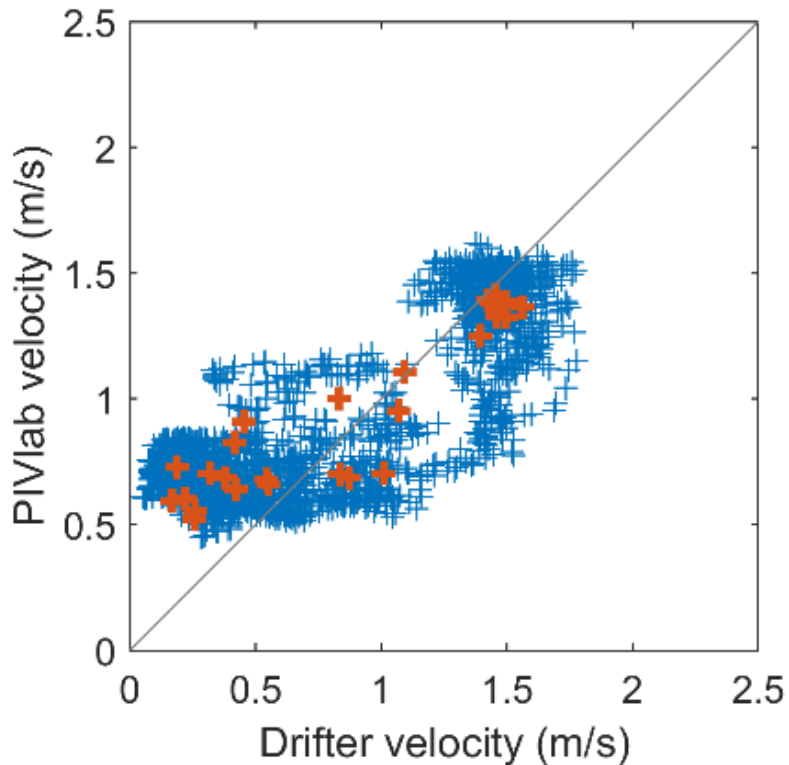
- Drones collect downward-facing video
- Algorithms extract currents
 - Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV)
- GPS drifters and ADCPs for validation

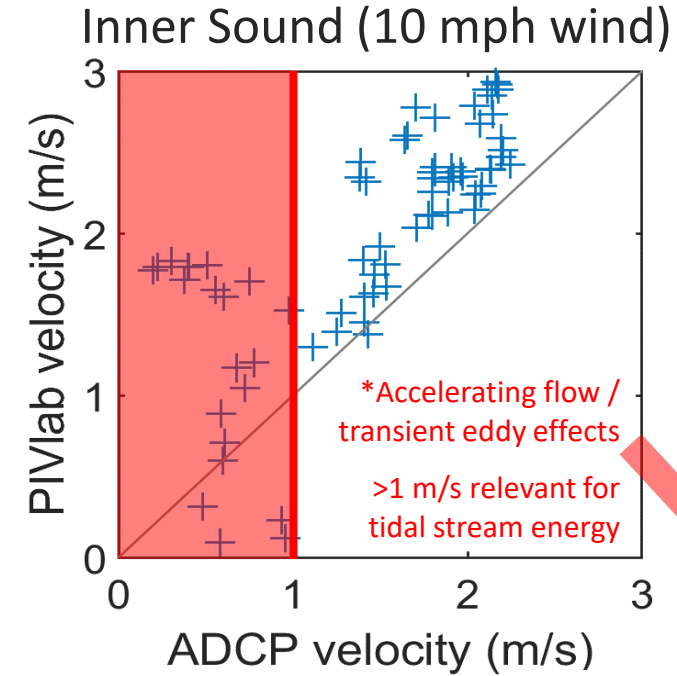
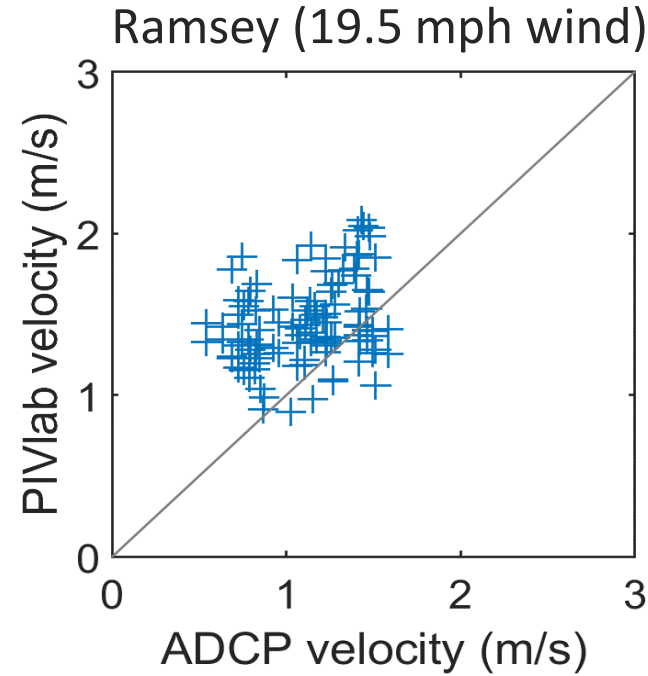
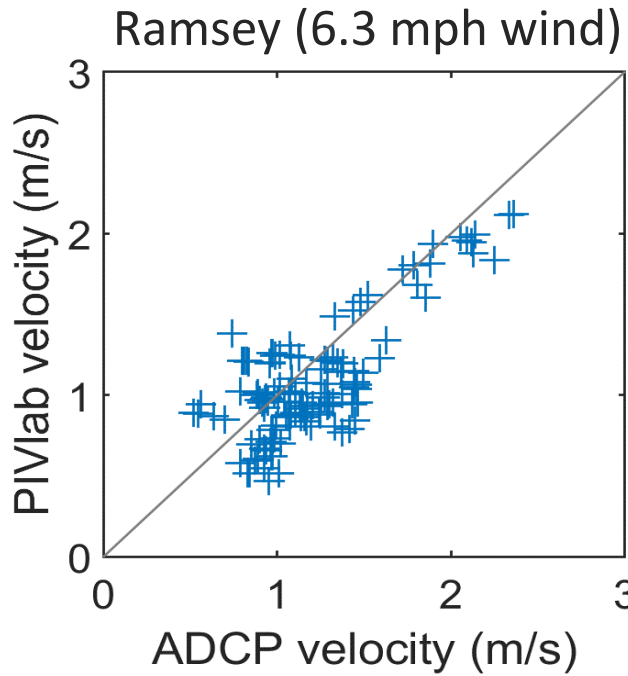


Mumbles Head (12 mph wind)

Ramsey (6.3 mph wind)

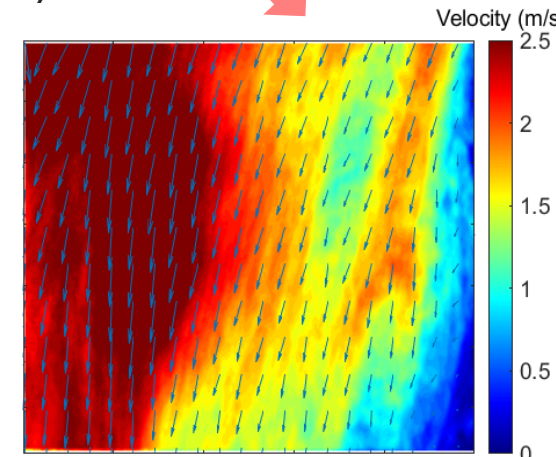
Ramsey (19.5 mph wind)





NB – ADCP not true surface velocity and not concurrent

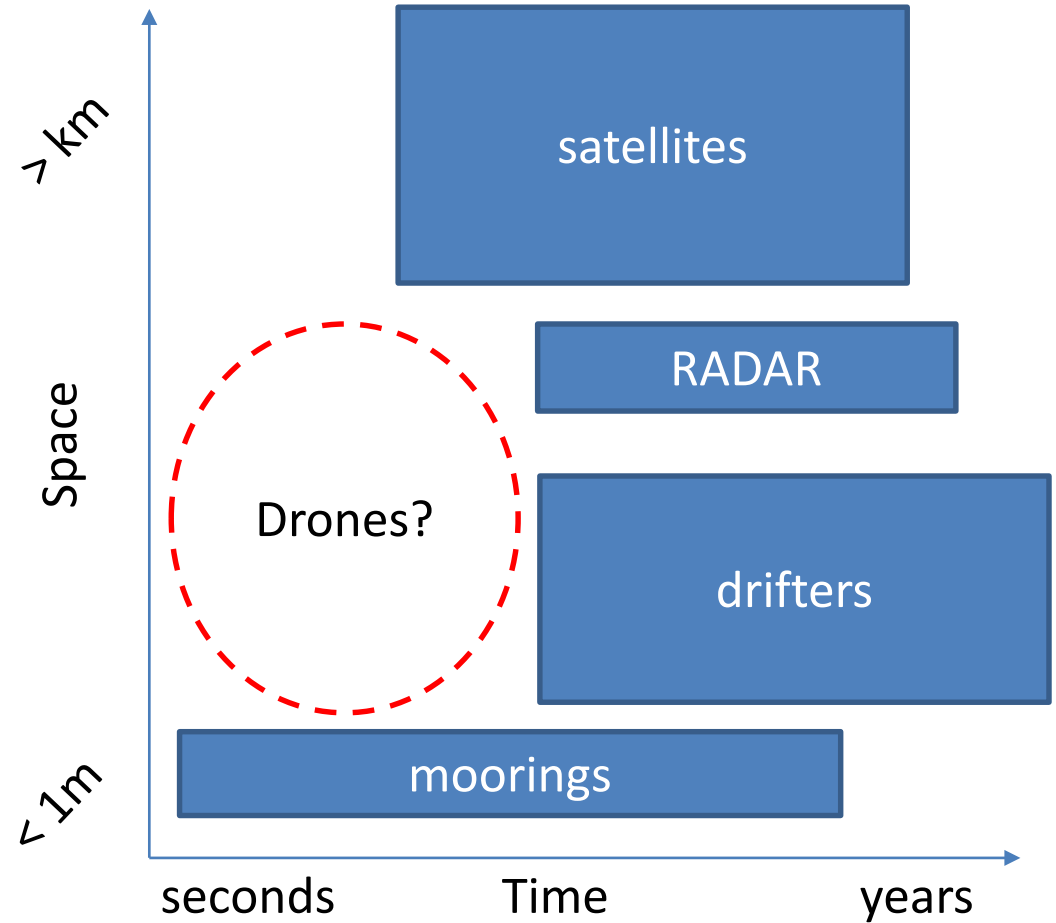
Ongoing work relating surface to currents at depth



- Map spatial heterogeneity
- Empirical wake measurements
- Model validation across scales

- Rapid site selection / sift
- Inform micro-siting, including of ADCPs

- Quantify flow-animal interactions



Recap of capabilities:

- **Spatial coverage** typically 110 × 205 m in single video (*which can be moved, or multiple mosaiced together*)
- **Recording duration** typically 1-20 minutes
- **Temporal resolution** up to 30-60 Hz, with good results found at 15 Hz
- **Spatial resolution** 5.05 cm per pixel (*can improve with lower altitude, but less coverage*)

I. Fairley, B.J. Williamson, J. McIlvenny, N. King, I. Masters, M. Lewis, S. Neill, D. Glasby, D. Coles, B. Powell, K. Naylor, M. Robinson, D. Reeve (2022). **Drone-based large-scale particle image velocimetry applied to tidal stream energy resource assessment**. Renewable Energy. doi.org/10.1016/j.renene.2022.07.030

J. McIlvenny, B.J. Williamson, I. Fairley, M. Lewis, S. Neill, I. Masters, D. Reeve. **Comparison of dense optical flow and PIV techniques for mapping surface current flow in tidal stream energy sites**. International Journal of Energy and Environmental Engineering. doi.org/10.1007/s40095-022-00519-z

J. Slingsby, B. Scott, L. Kregting, J. McIlvenny, J. Wilson, M. Yanez, S. Langlois, B.J. Williamson (2022). **Using Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) Imagery to Characterise Pursuit-Diving Seabird Association with Tidal Stream Hydrodynamic Habitat Features**. Frontiers in Marine Science. doi.org/10.3389/fmars.2022.820722