Multi-use platforms at sea (MUPS): An innovative way to manage offshore space and reduce coastal anthropic pressure

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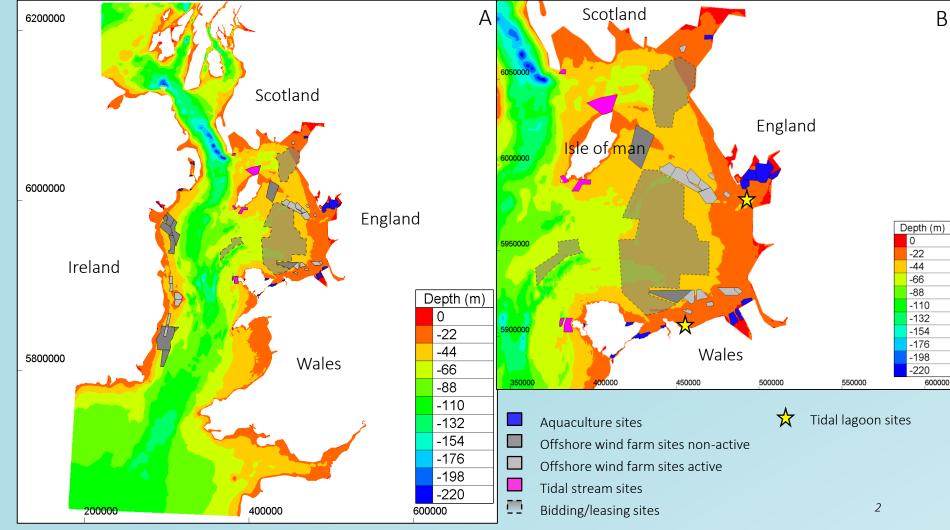
Offshore Renewable Energy



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The Irish Sea is subjected to numerous industrial activities:

- ✓ <u>Offshore Renewable Energy (ORE)</u>: approximately 6,564 km² (14 % of space occupation)
- ✓ <u>Shellfisheries:</u> Mytilus edulis L. aquaculture represents 40% to 50%
- ✓ <u>Tourism</u>
- ✓ Marine transport



18th January 2022

Overall project:

1) Create accurate tool:

- Waves, wind and tidal energy production potential
- Biological and physical requirements needed for different species (seaweed, bivalves, fish and crustaceans)
- Infrastructure requirements for aquaculture and energy devices.

2) Quantify and qualify the potential benefits and risks of co-location







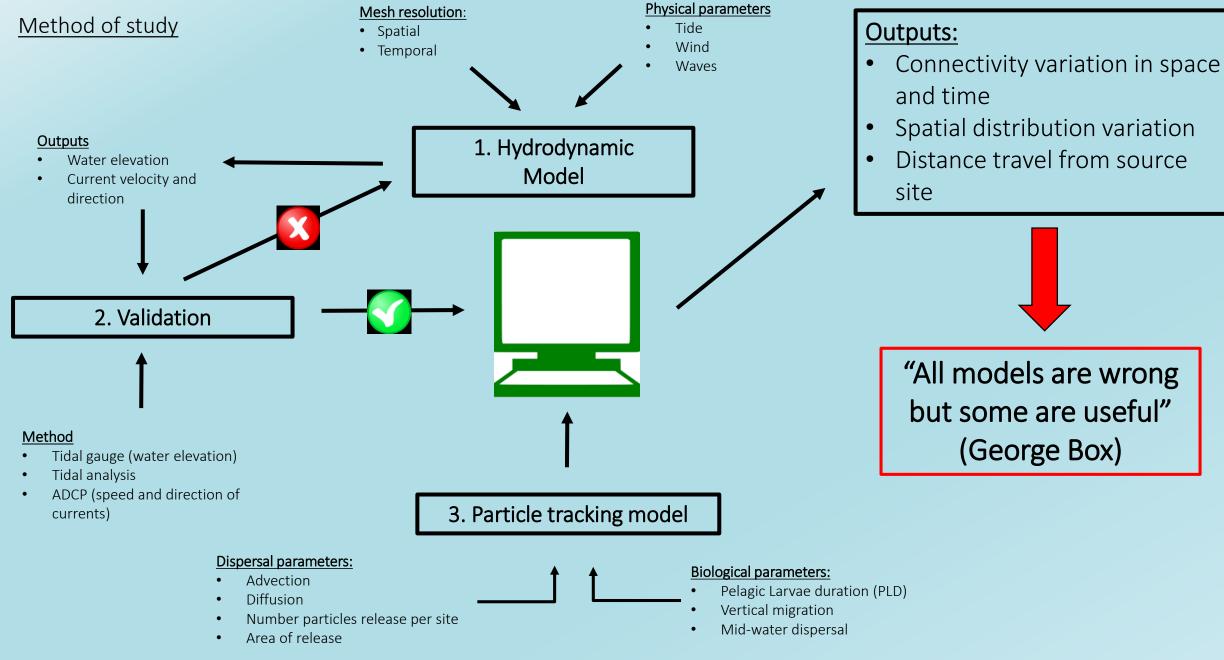


Offshore Renewable Energy

Studying the feasibility of MUPS in the Irish Sea



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The application of Lagrangian drifters will help:

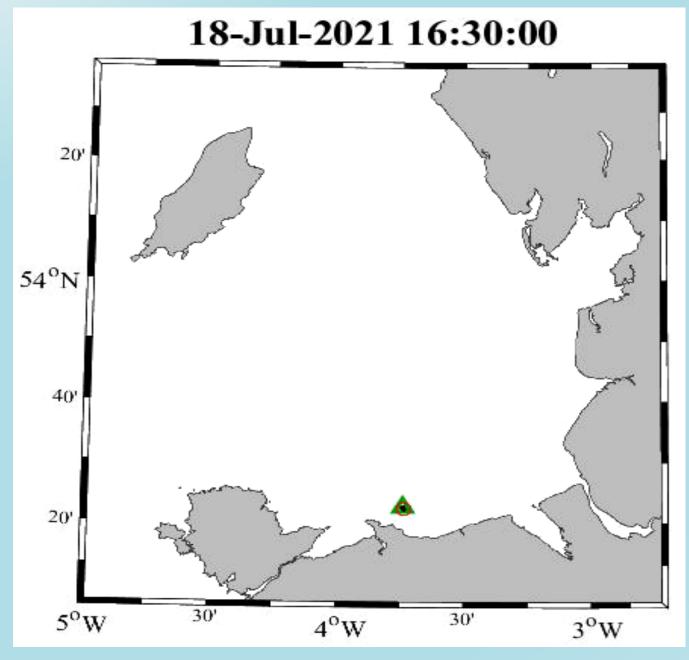
- To define larvae pathways
- To provide information on the possibility to collect larvae using offshore renewable energy (ORE) infrastructure
- To study the impact of ORE on larval recruitment
- To improve accuracy of Hydrodynamic and Particle tracking models for future ORE projects.

Release	Start of release	End of transmission	Time step (min)	
Micro 1	18/07/2021	12/08/2021	30	
Micro 2	18/07/2021	12/08/2021	30	
Micro 3	18/07/2021	12/08/2021	30	

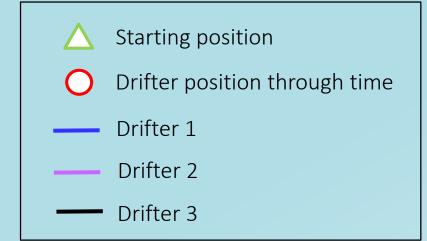




Experiment:



Legend



Next step:

- Compare drifter trajectory with numerical simulation:
 - Calculate distance between simulated trajectory and drifters trajectory under different scenarios.
 - ✓ Improve accuracy of PTM

Calculate wind impact on surface current to incorporate into PTM:

- ✓ Under different wind conditions and different depth
- Compare surface current between tidal model and observed data



