

# Using CFD for marine engineering applications

*From the Wind to the Tide* closing Workshop  
3 February 2021

George Papadakis

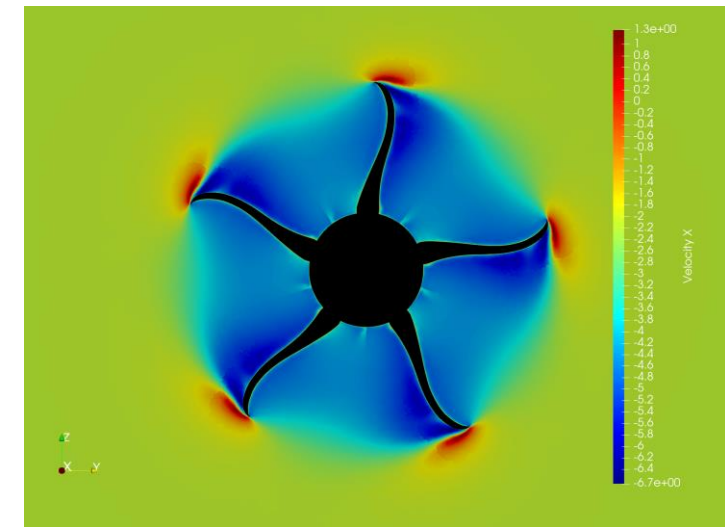
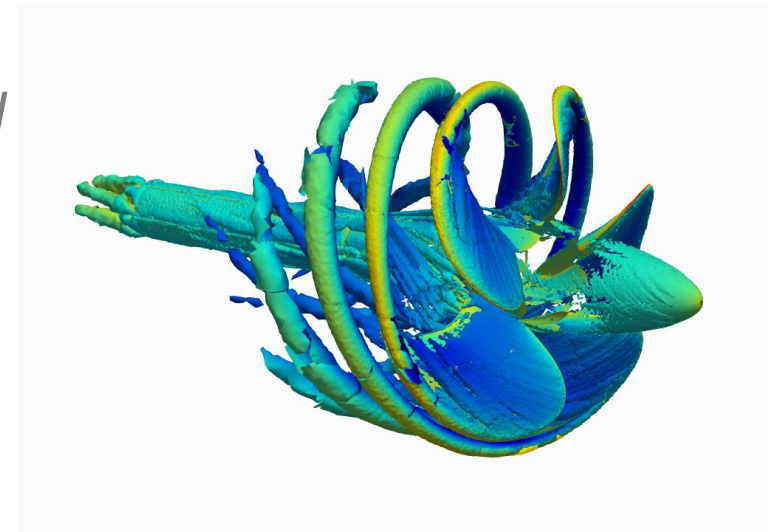
Assistant Professor, School of Naval and Marine Engineering  
National Technical University of Athens



- *Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) is now an everyday tool for engineering applications.*
- *It widely used by industry in design-optimization-operation*

*However...*

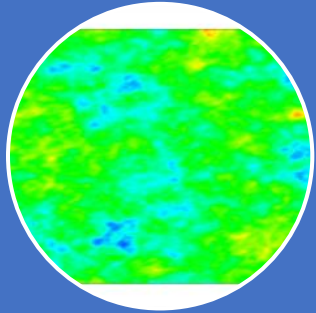
- *There is still a lot of work to be done to account for as much physics as possible.*
- *This is a small presentation of our in house CFD code – MaPFlow and how we (at NTUA) handle these challenges.*



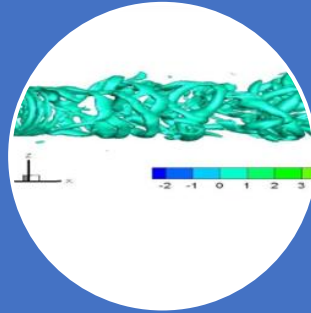


- Cell centered FV URANS flow solver
- Mixed grids
- Low Mach preconditioning
- Spalart Almaras,  $k-\omega$  SST
- Multi-block MPI enabled
- 2<sup>nd</sup> order in space & time
- Incompressible flows via the Artificial Compressibility Method
- Two-phase flows - Volume of Fluid Approach (VOF)
- 6-DOF rigid body dynamics
- Coupled with aeroelastic code - hGAST

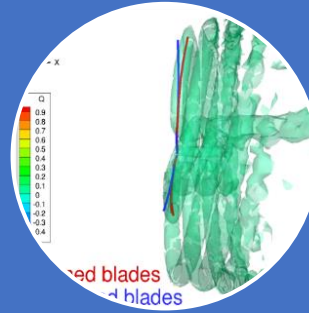
*Towards more Realistic Simulations we pursue...*



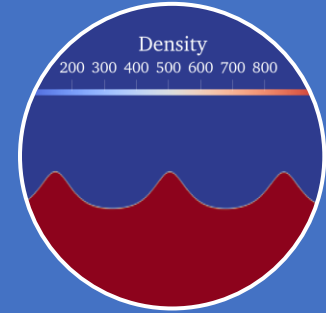
Complex  
Inflow



Wake  
Interaction



Aero/Hydro  
elasticity &  
Vibrations

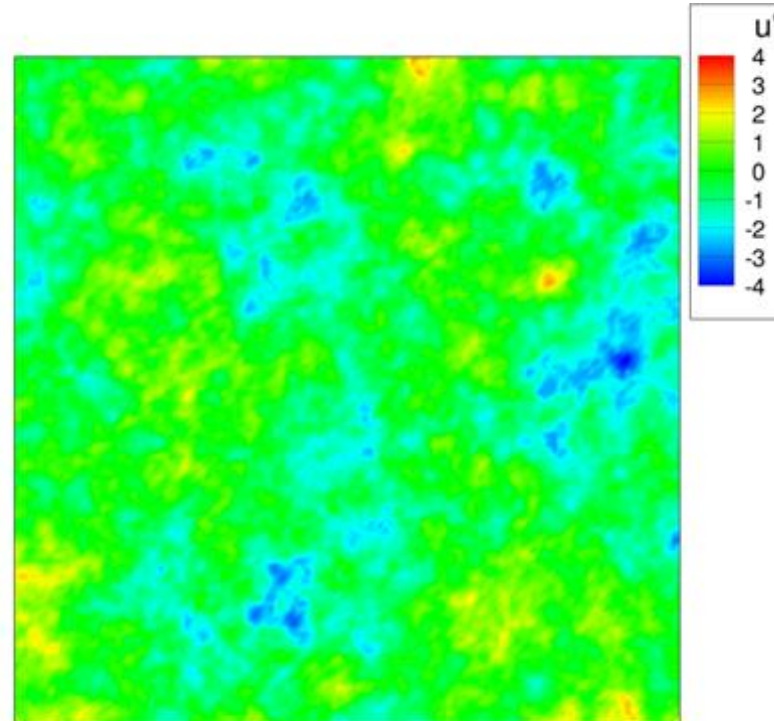


Free Surface  
effects

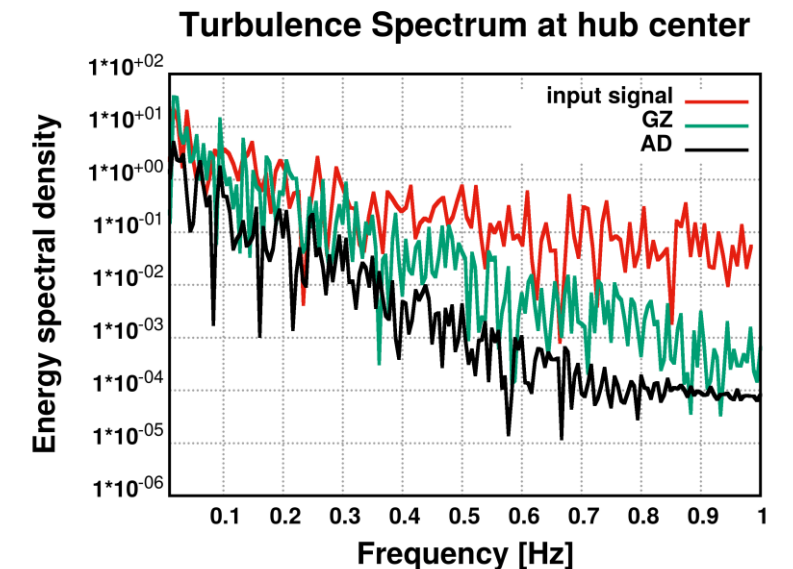
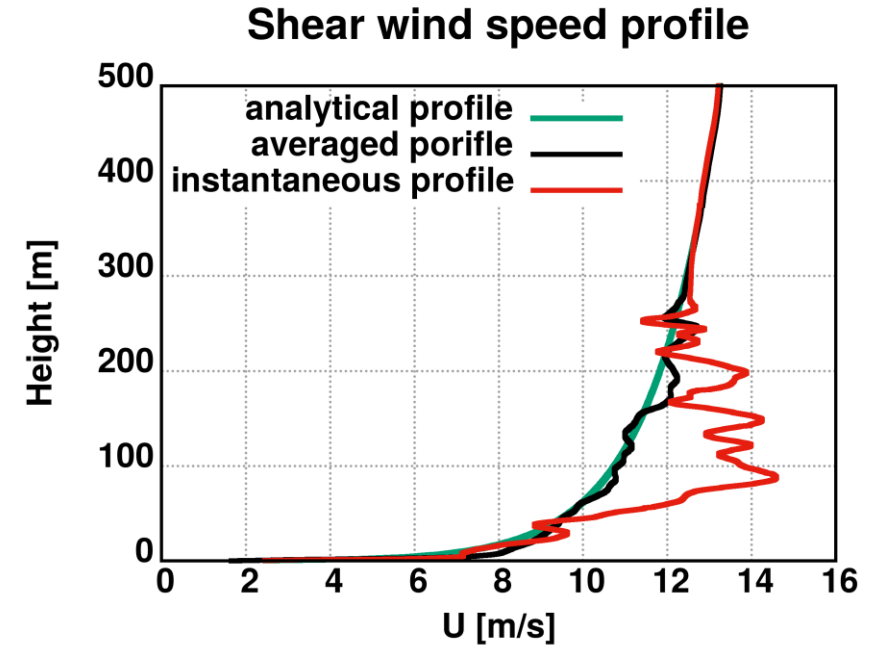


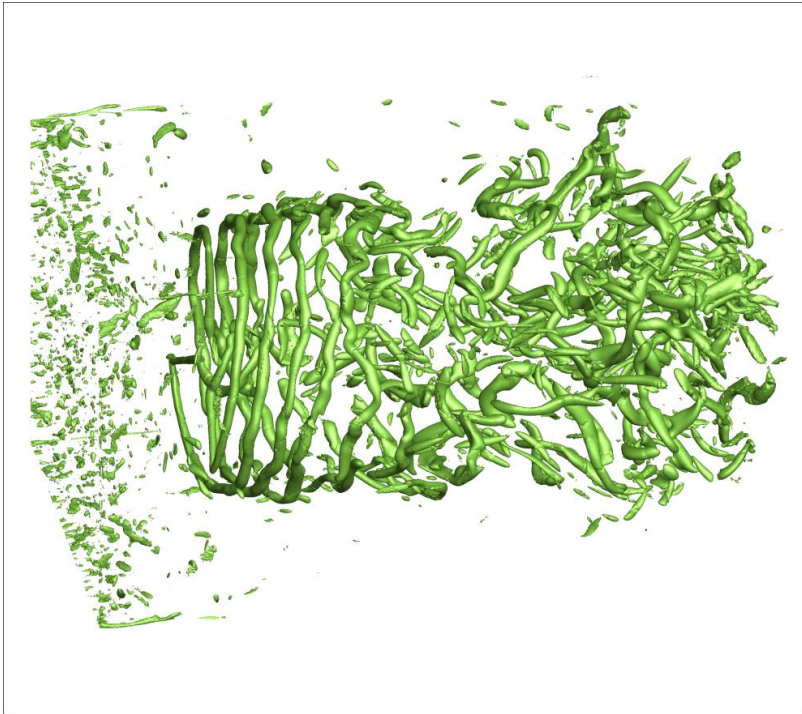
# Complex Inflow

- *We use a Generation Zone (GZ) and the Mann box to generate Turbulence at Inflow*
- *We can also add a Shear Profile*
- *Shear and Incoming Turbulence interact*
- *Depending on the computational grid turbulence can decay quickly!*

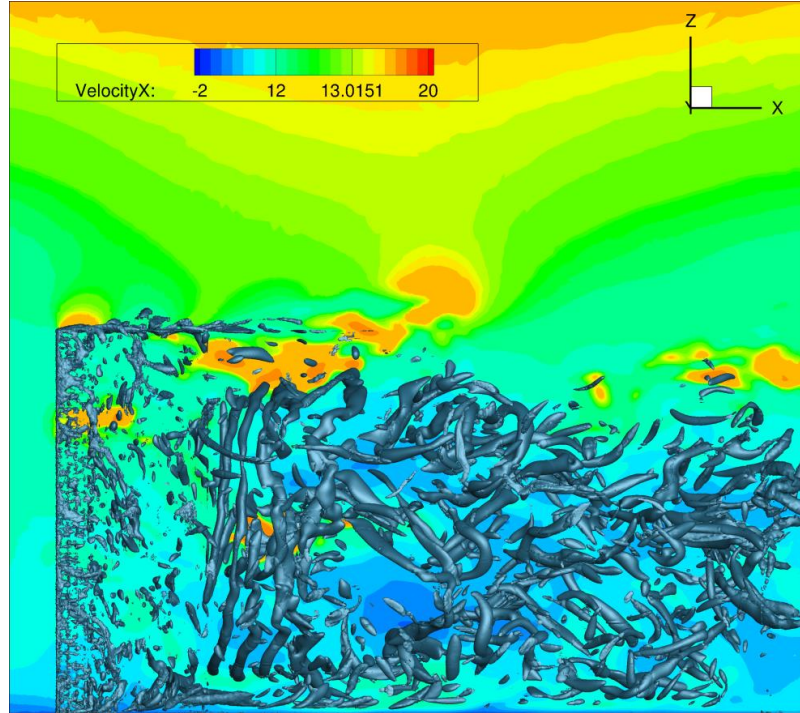


Inflow turbulence –Mann box

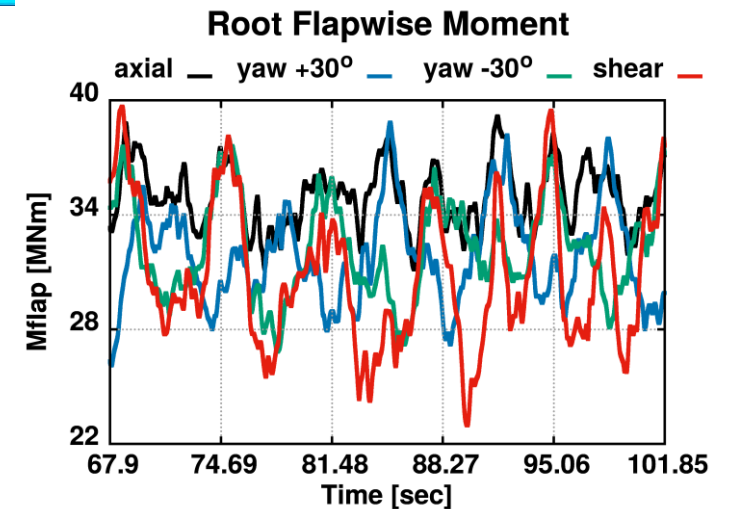




Turbulent Inflow

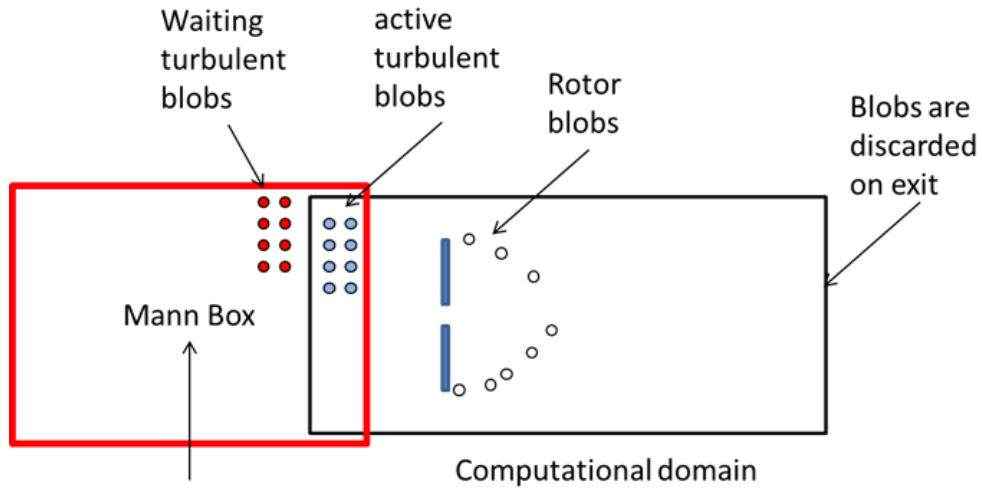


Shear + Turbulent Inflow

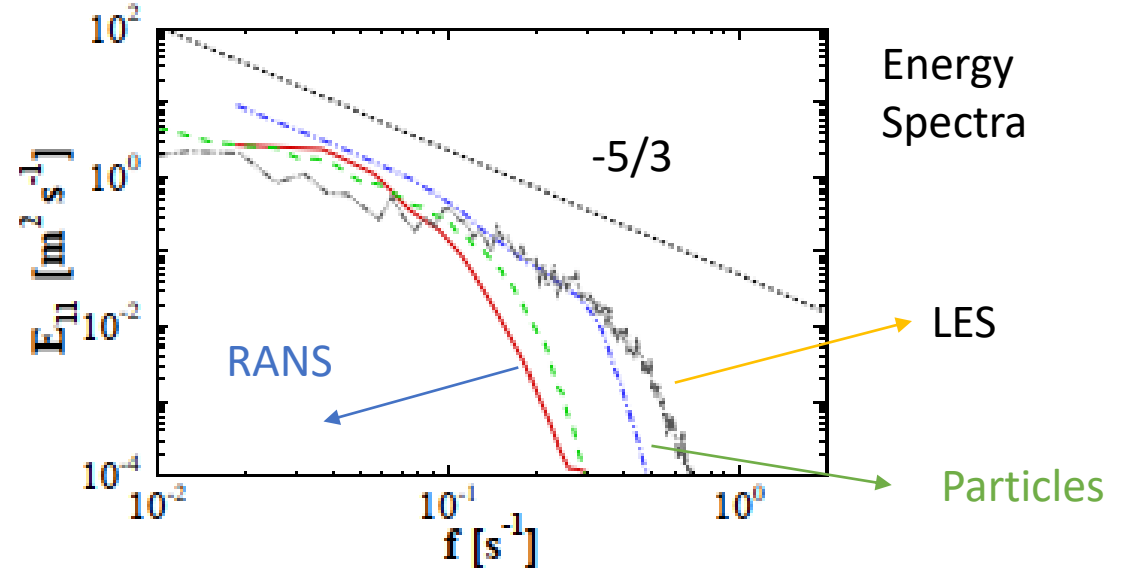
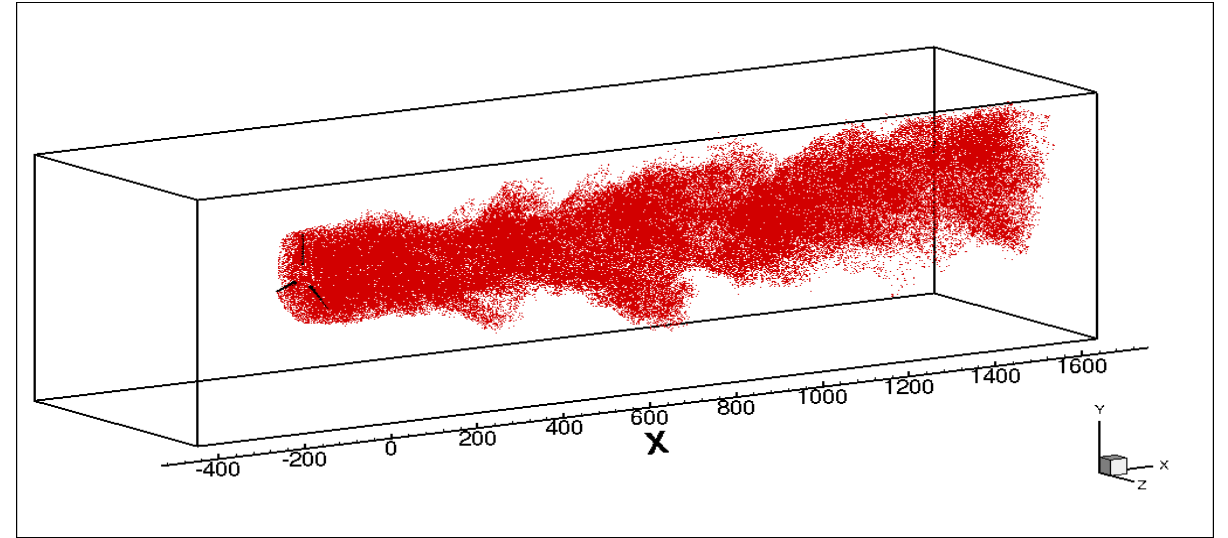


# Hybrid Methods

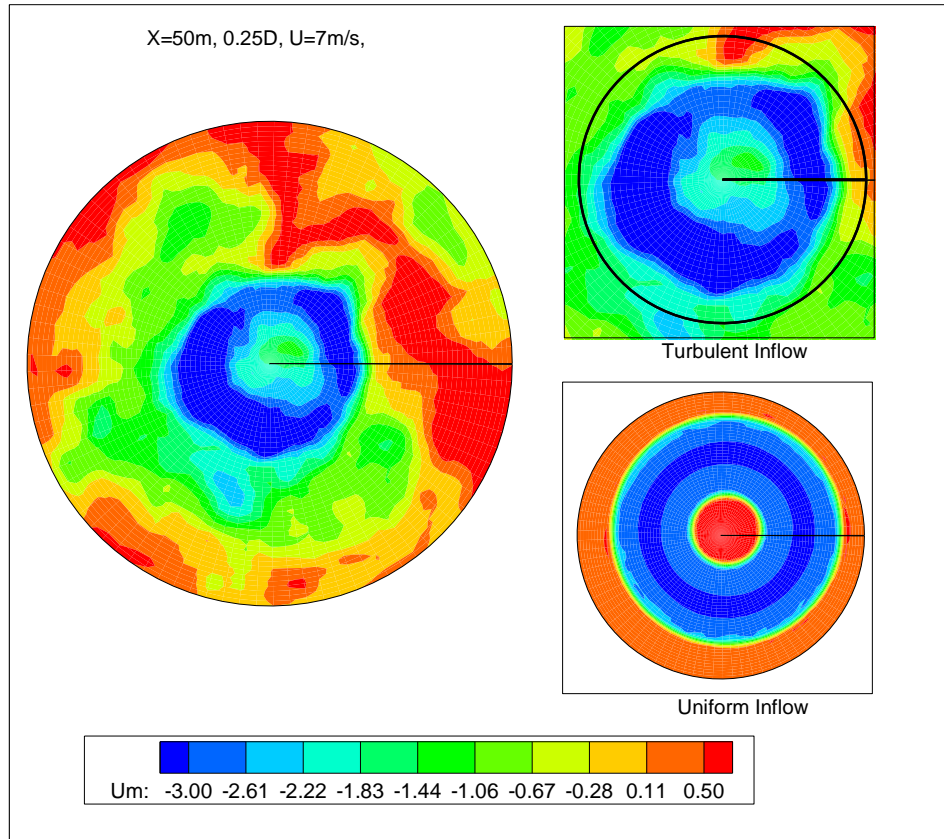
Vortex Particles + CFD



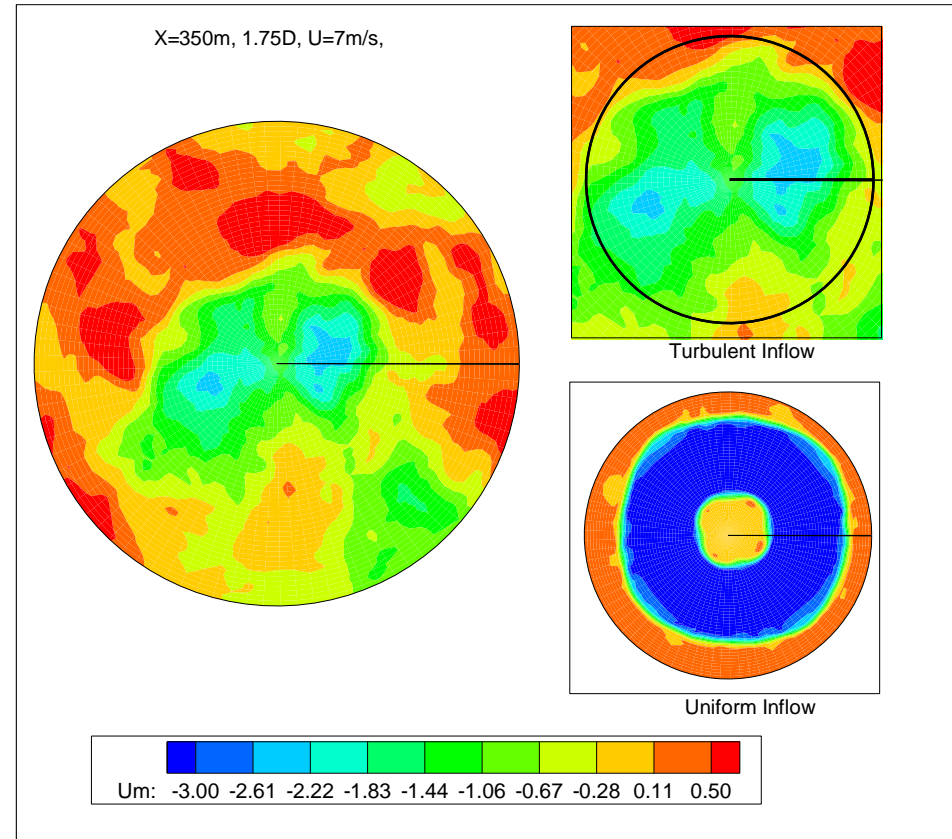
- The box moves with  $U_{ref}$
- To be repeated when necessary



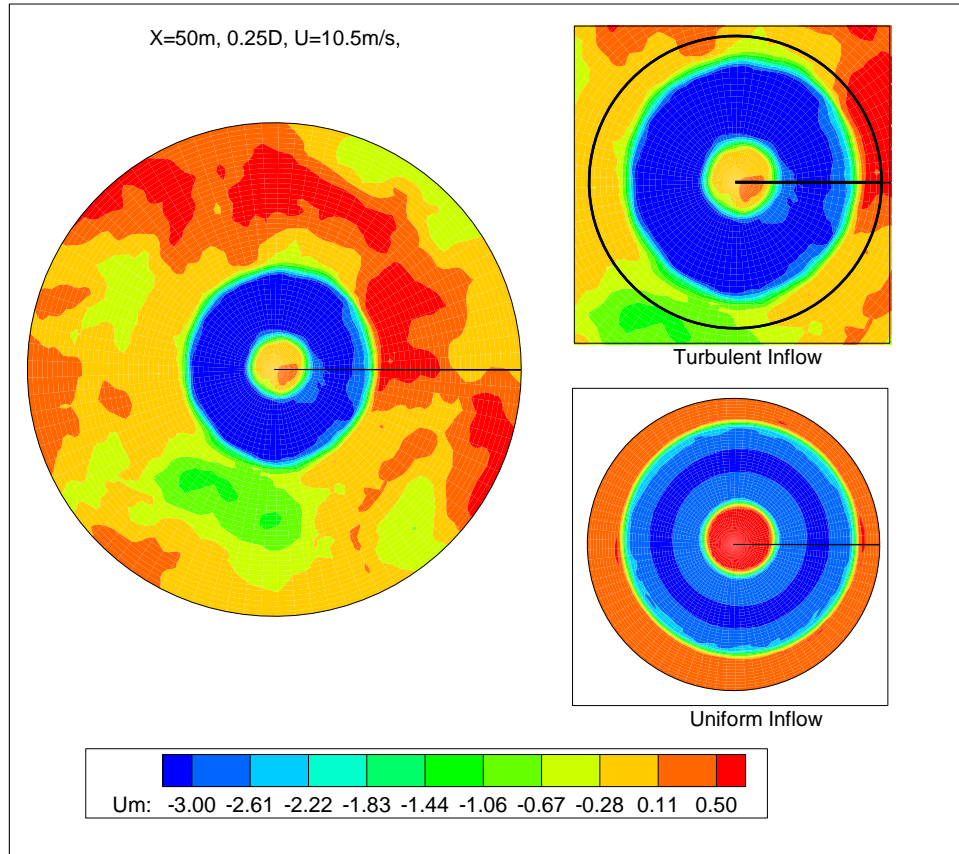




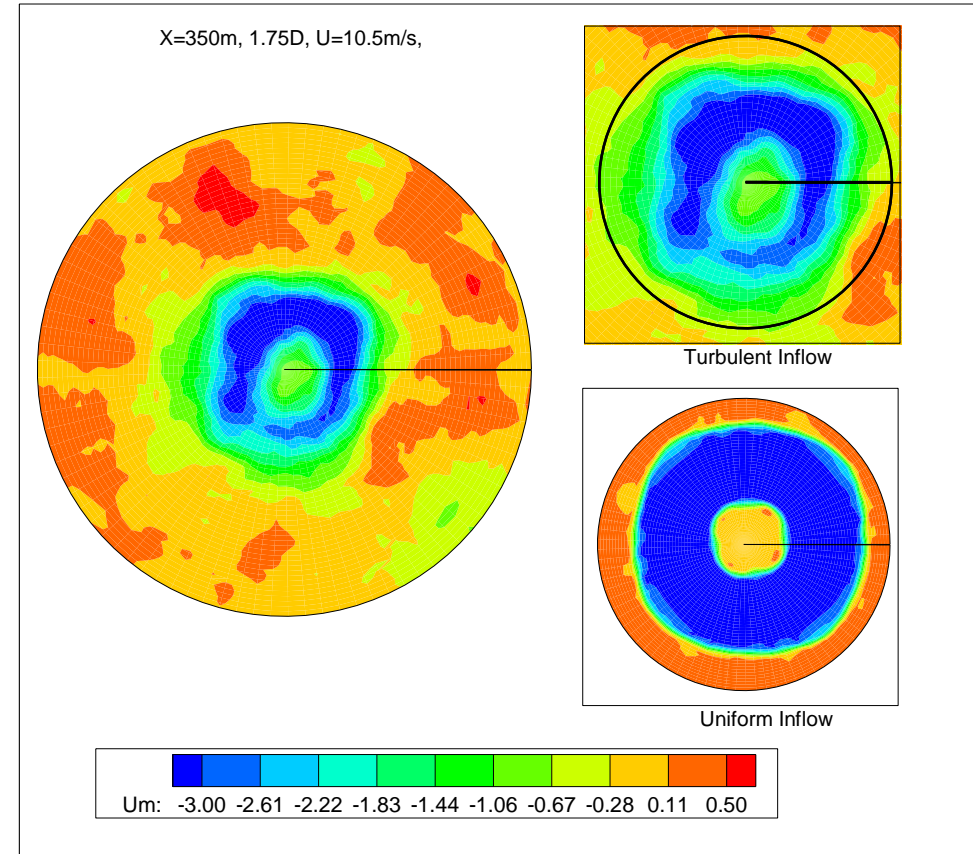
0.25 Diameters Downstream  $Tu=24.8\%$



1.75 Diameters Downstream  $Tu=24.8\%$



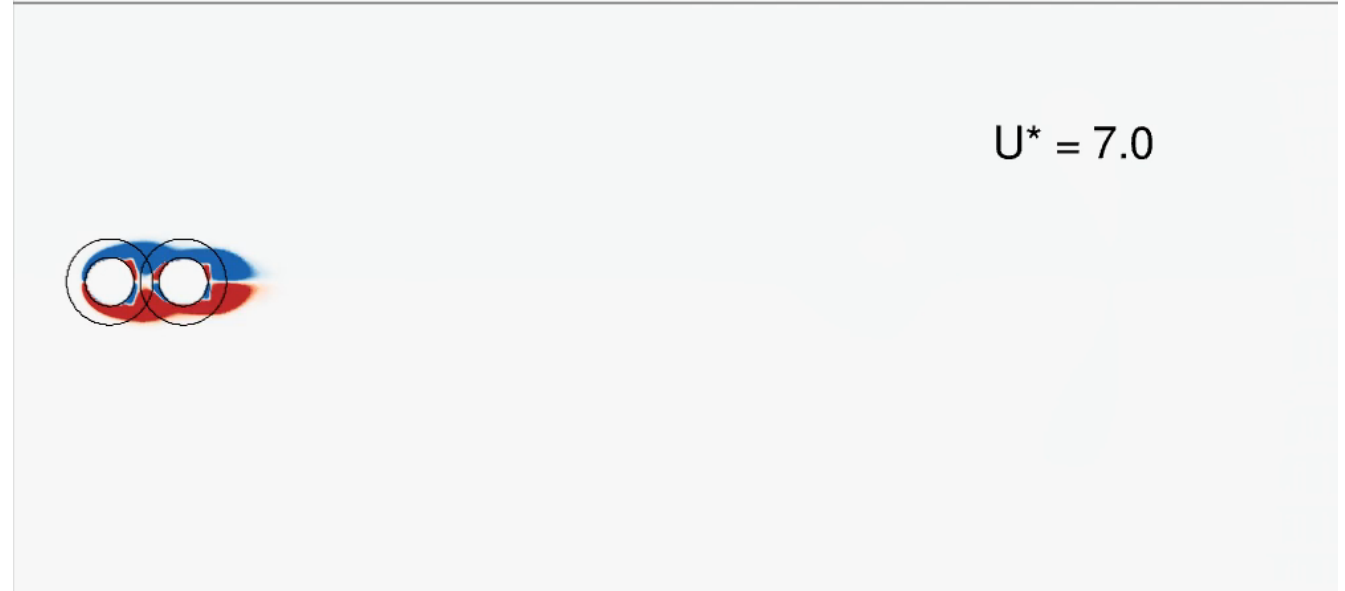
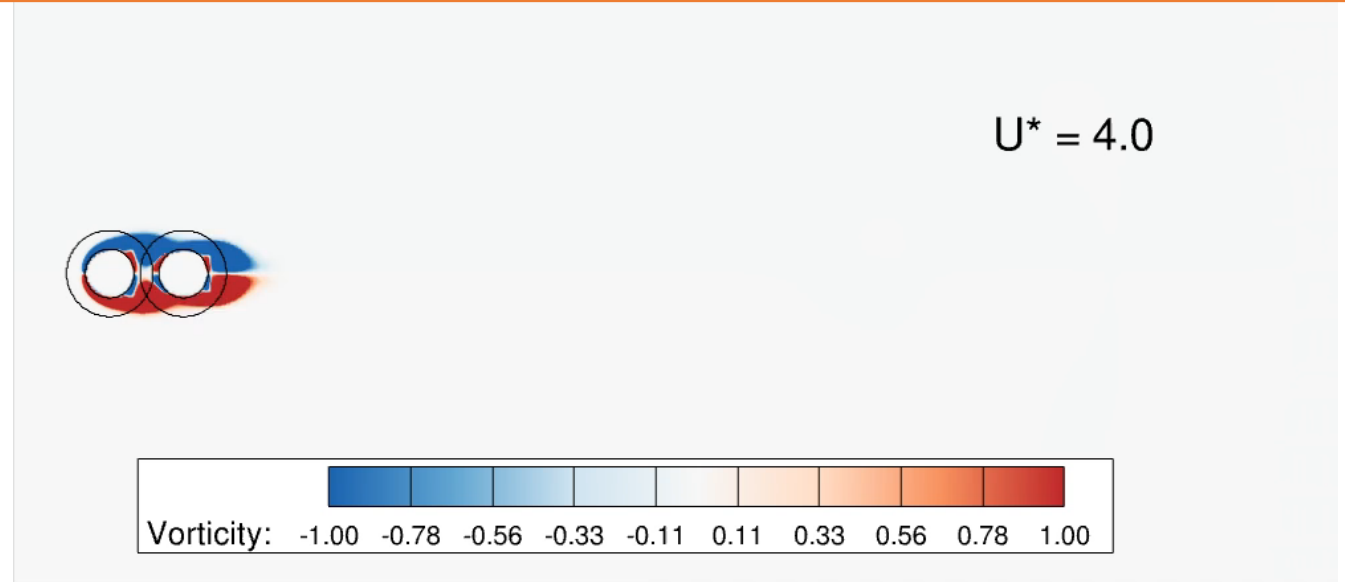
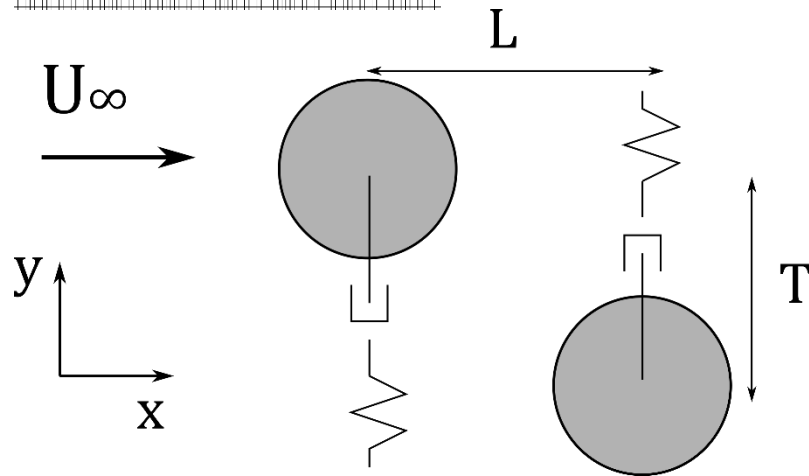
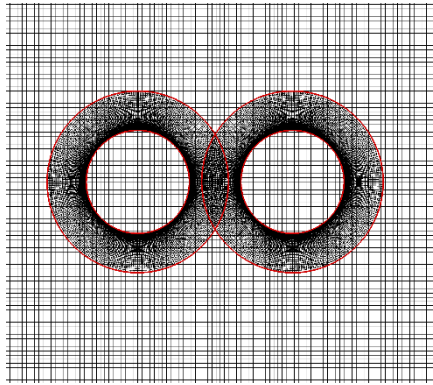
0.25 Diameters Downstream  $Tu=5\%$



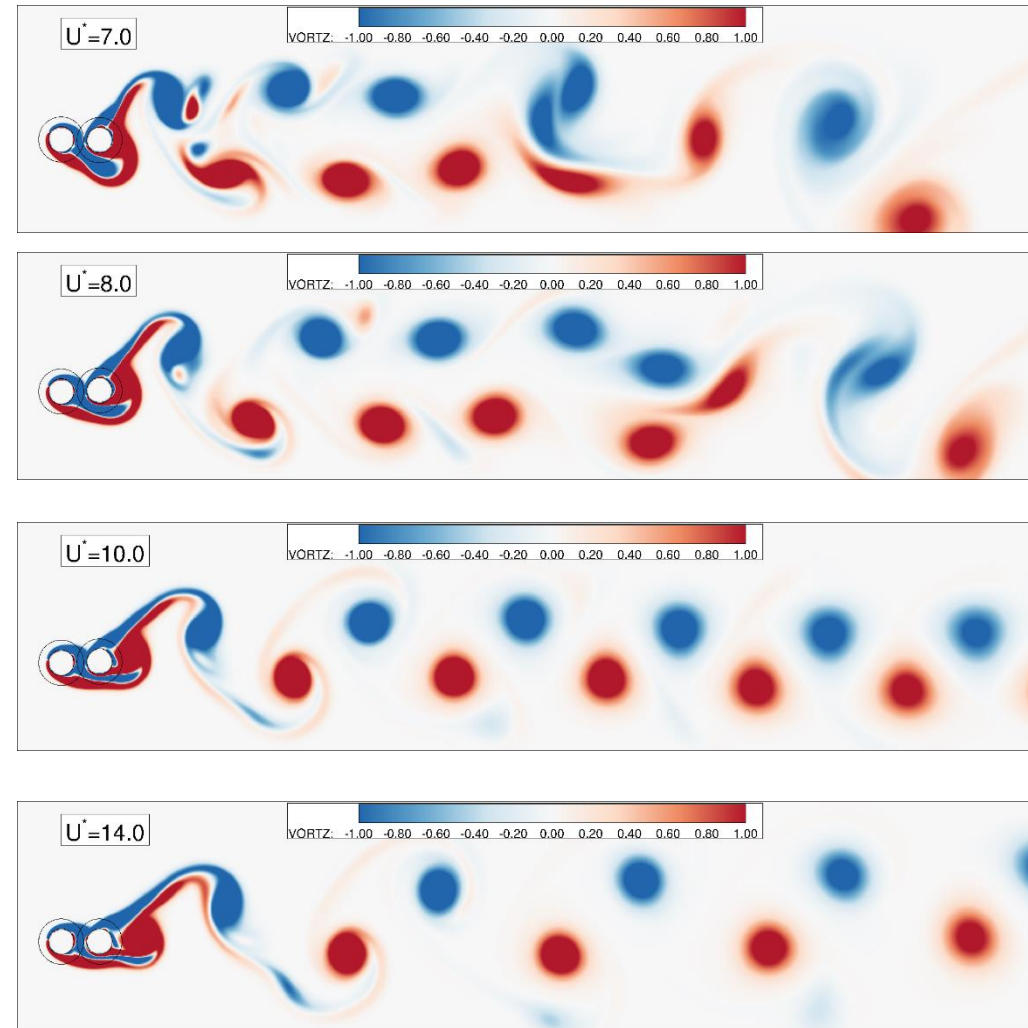
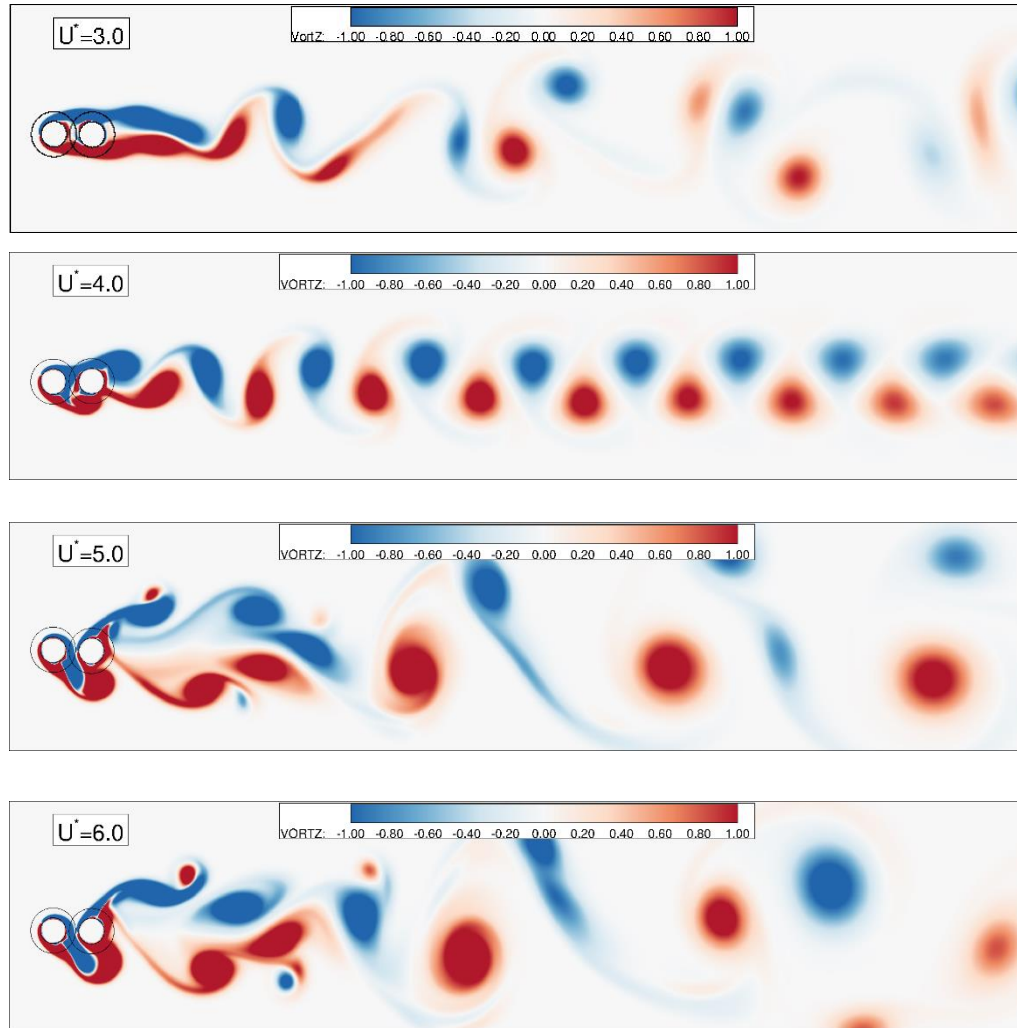
1.75 Diameters Downstream  $Tu=5\%$

# Vortex Induced Vibrations

## 2D cylinders in tandem arrangement



Changing Spring Stiffness...



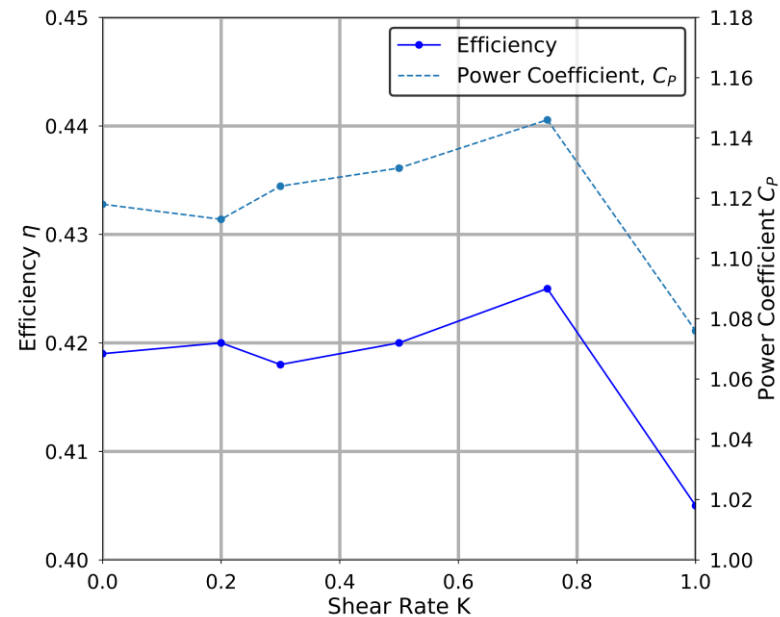
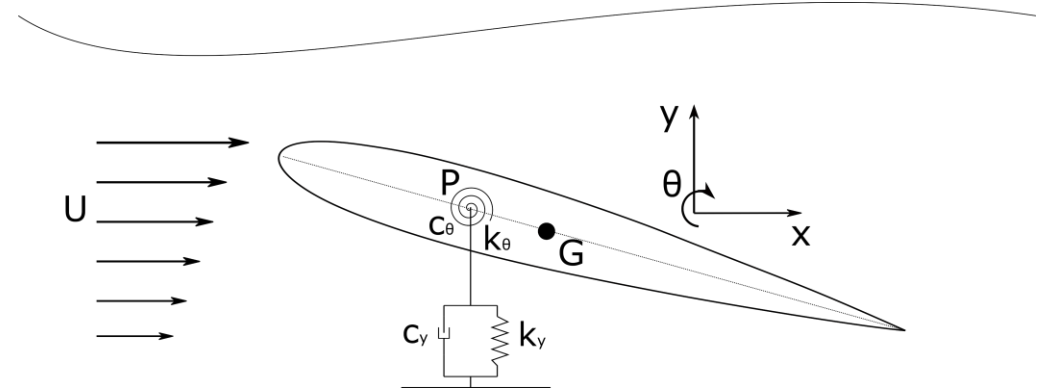
Effect of spring stiffness on the wake

Papadakis G., Riziotis V., and Voutsinas S. "A hybrid Lagrangian-Eulerian flow solver applied to cylinders in tandem arrangement." arXiv preprint arXiv:2112.09881 (2021).V

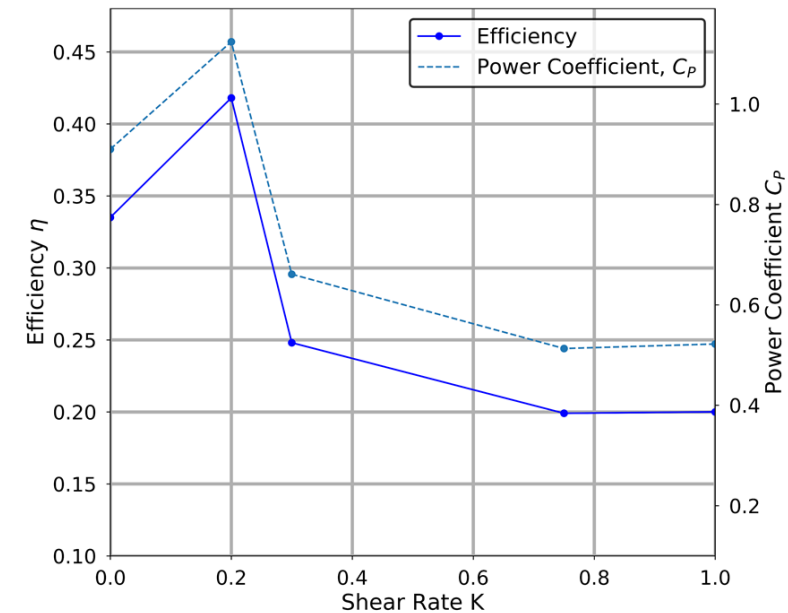
# Shear & Free surface & Dynamics

## Fully Passive Energy Extracting Flapping Foil

- Submerged
- Under Sheared Inflow



Without free surface



Operating under free-surface



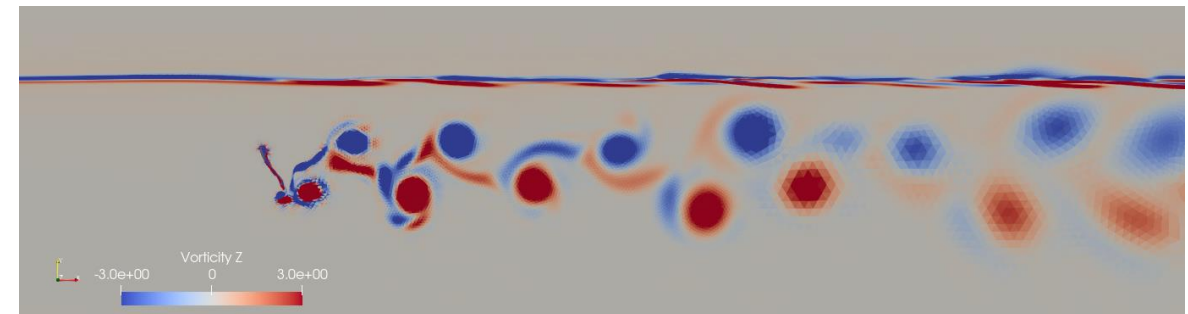
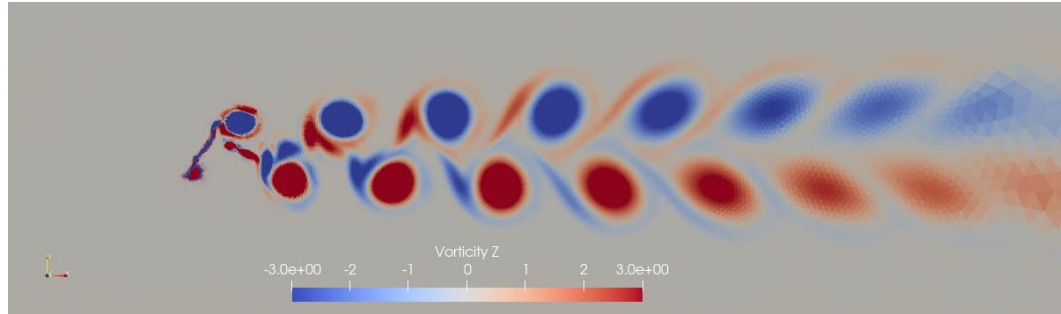


Shear rate

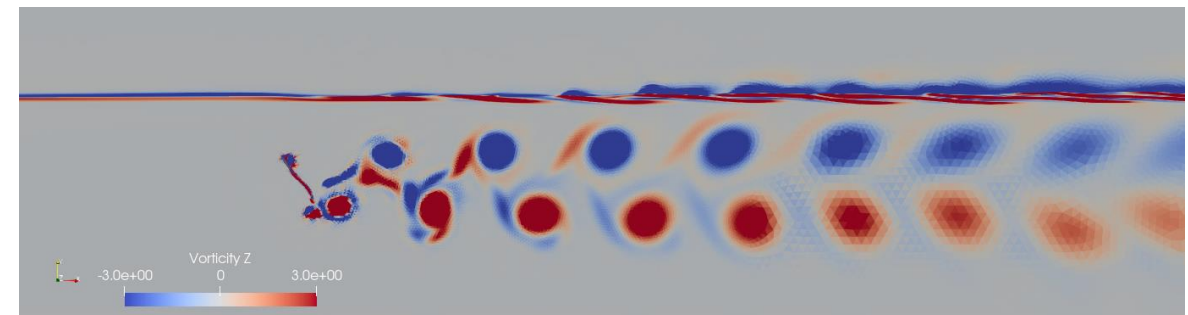
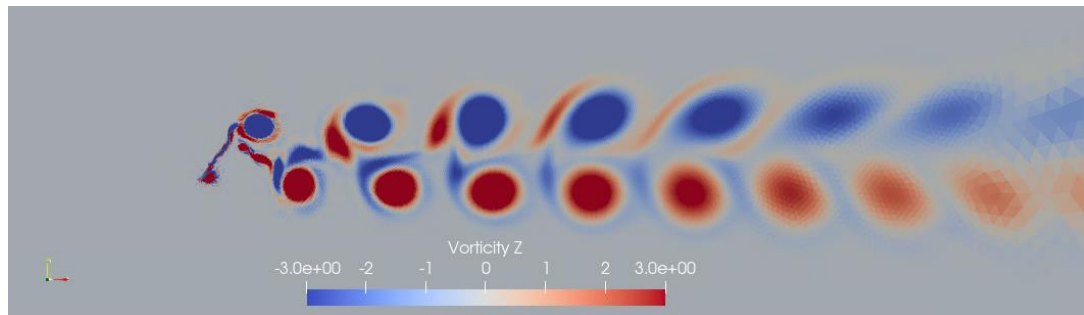
Without Free Surface

With Free Surface

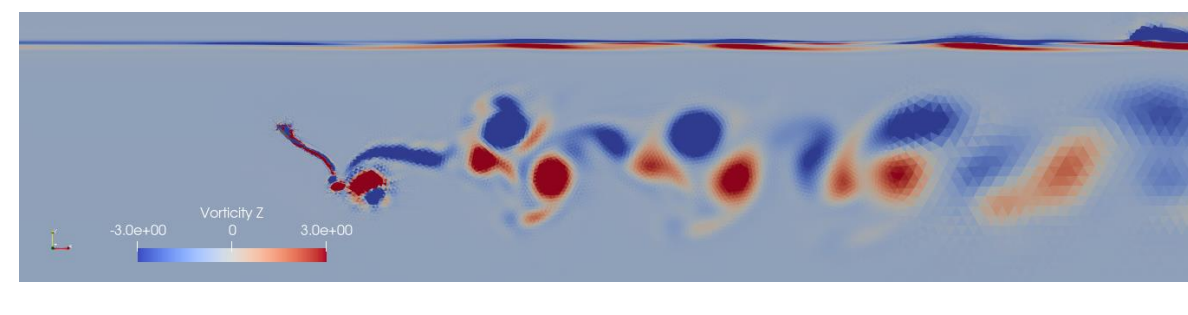
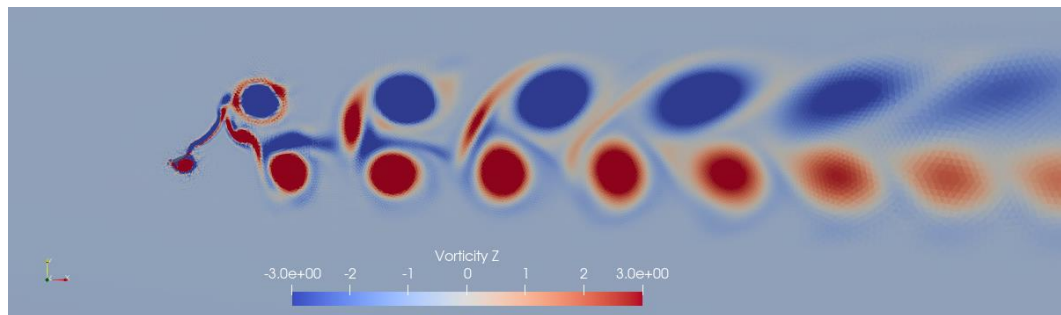
K=0



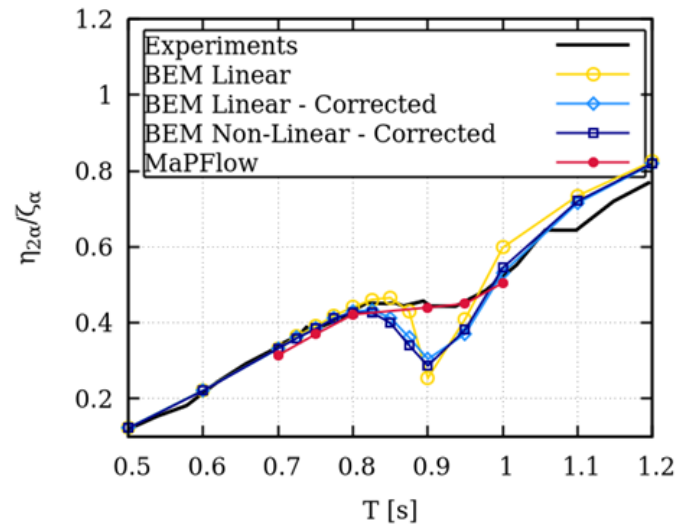
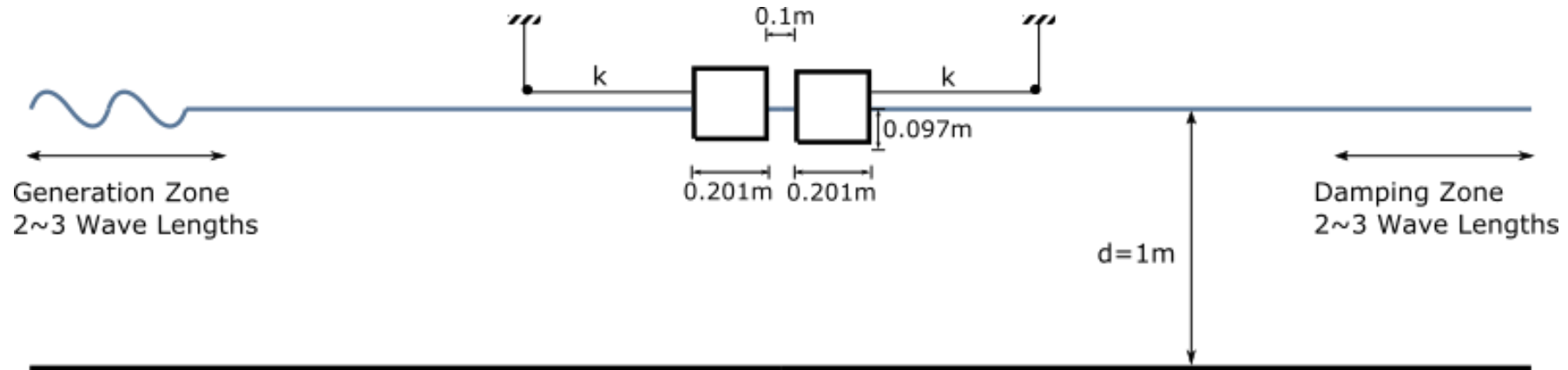
K=0.2



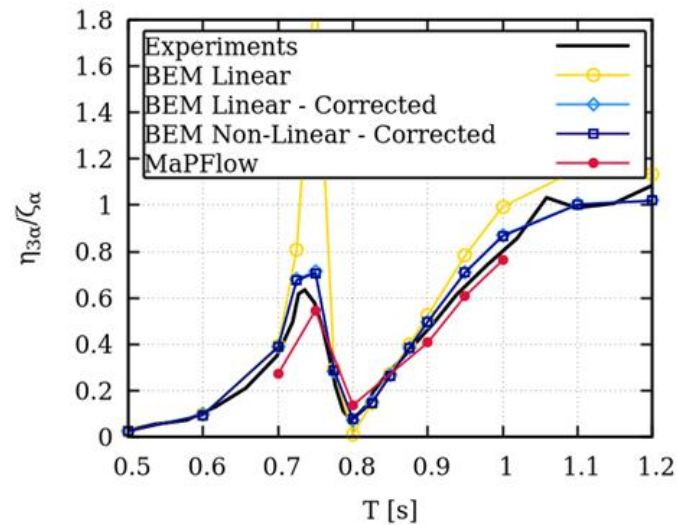
K=0.75



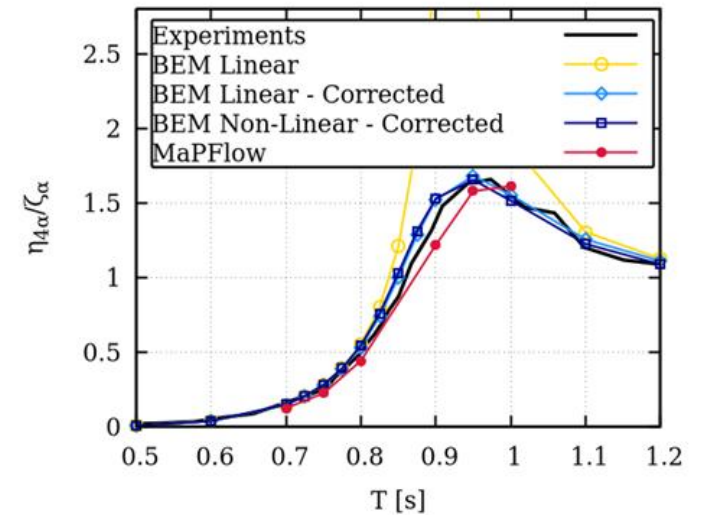
# Two phase flows + Dynamics



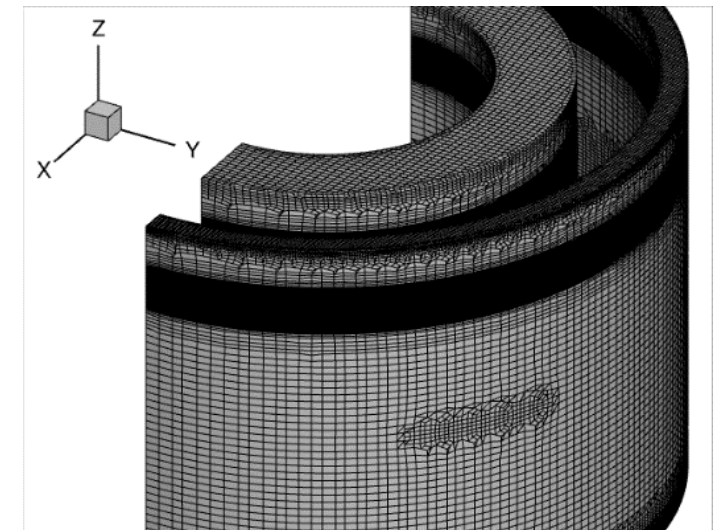
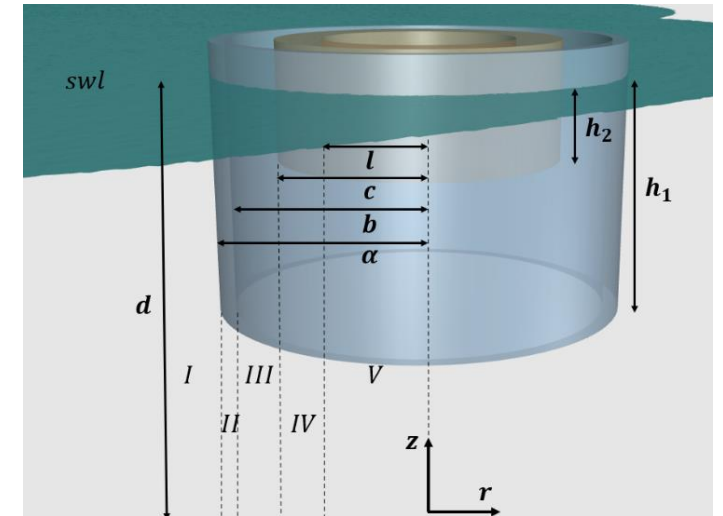
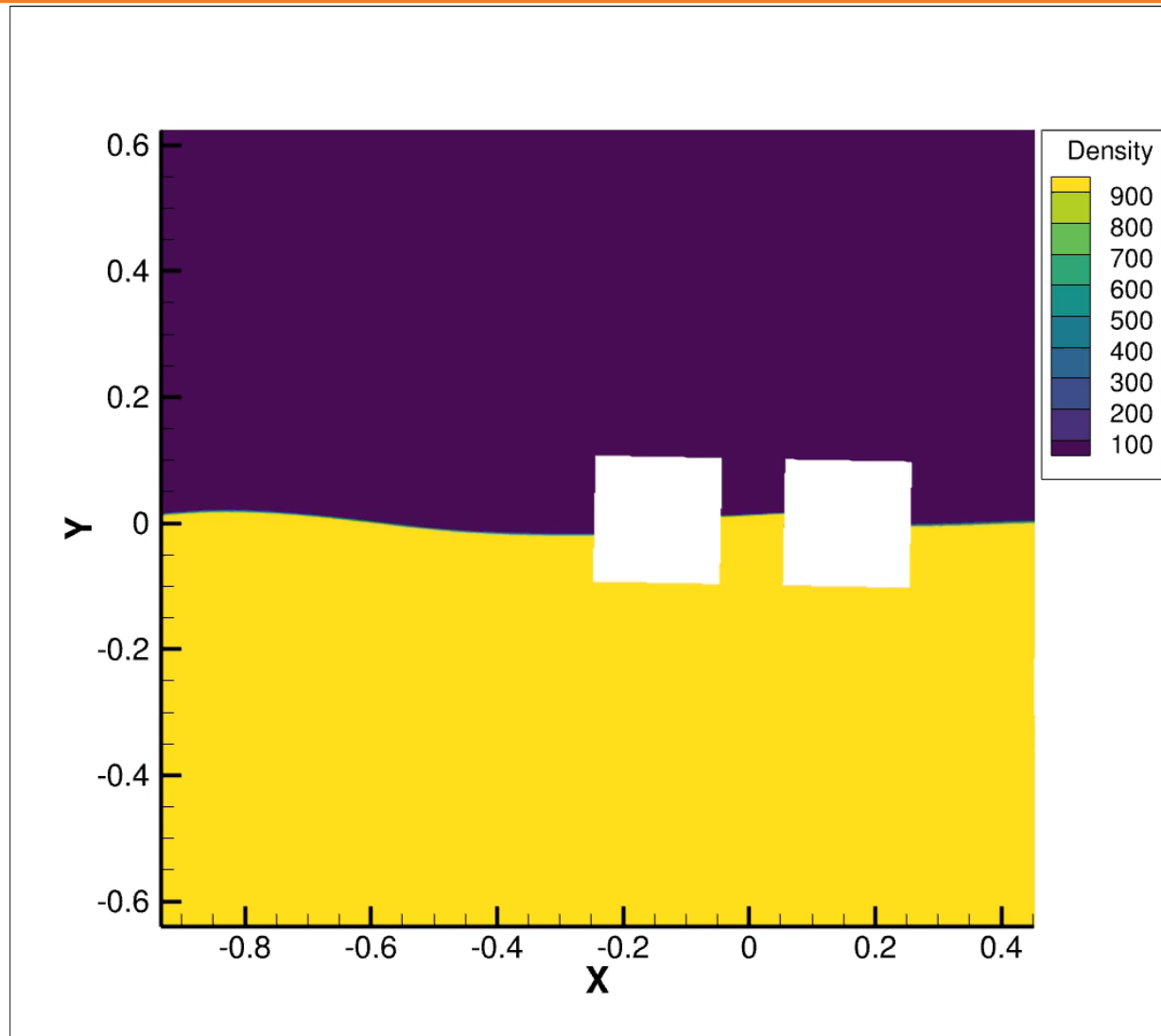
RAOs in sway direction



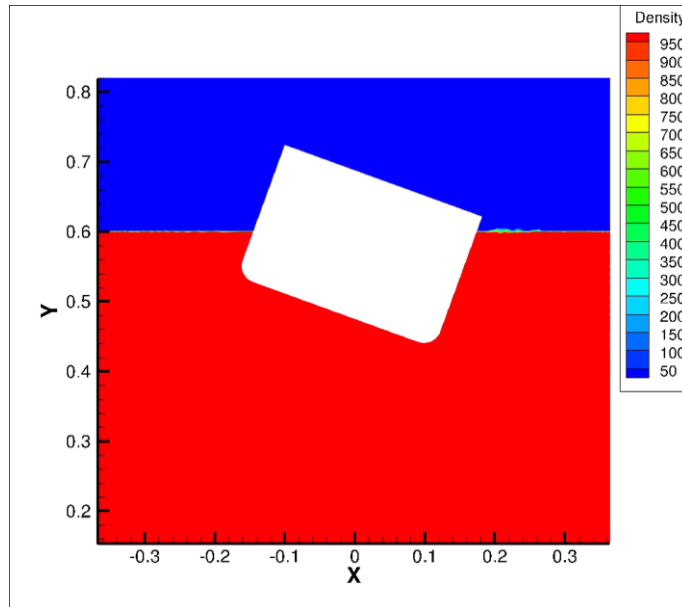
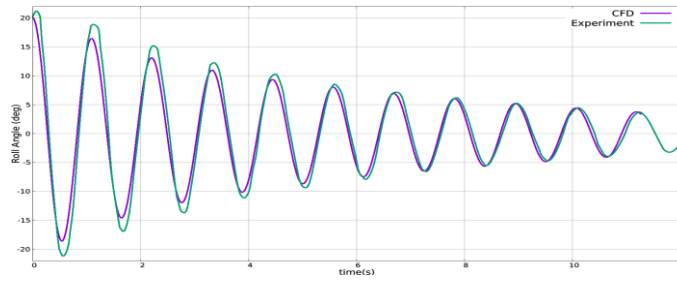
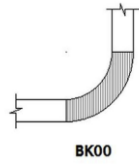
RAOs in heave direction



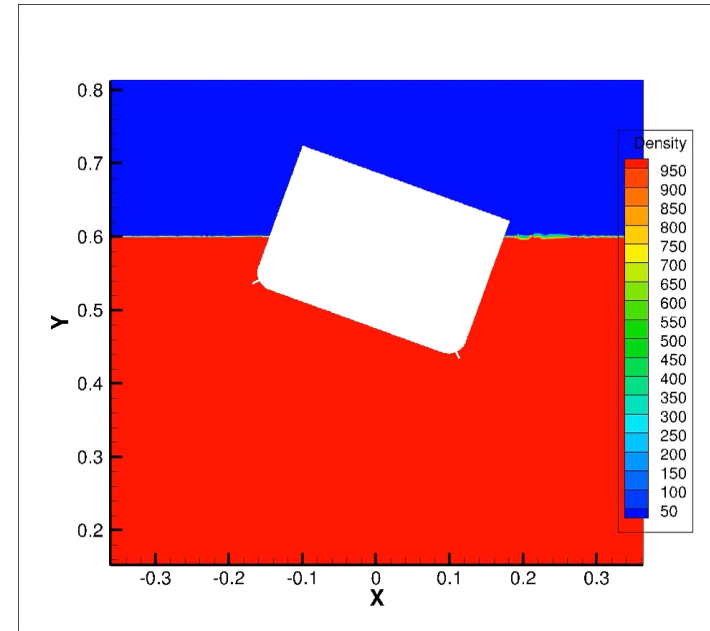
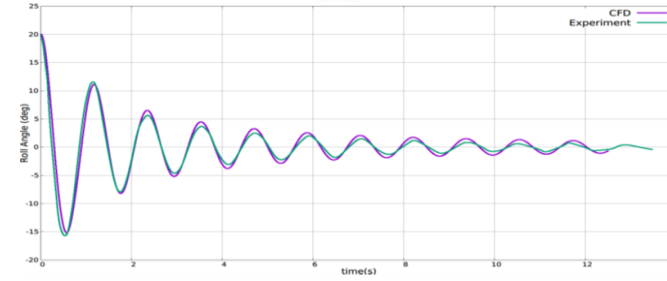
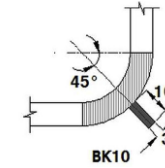
RAOs in roll direction

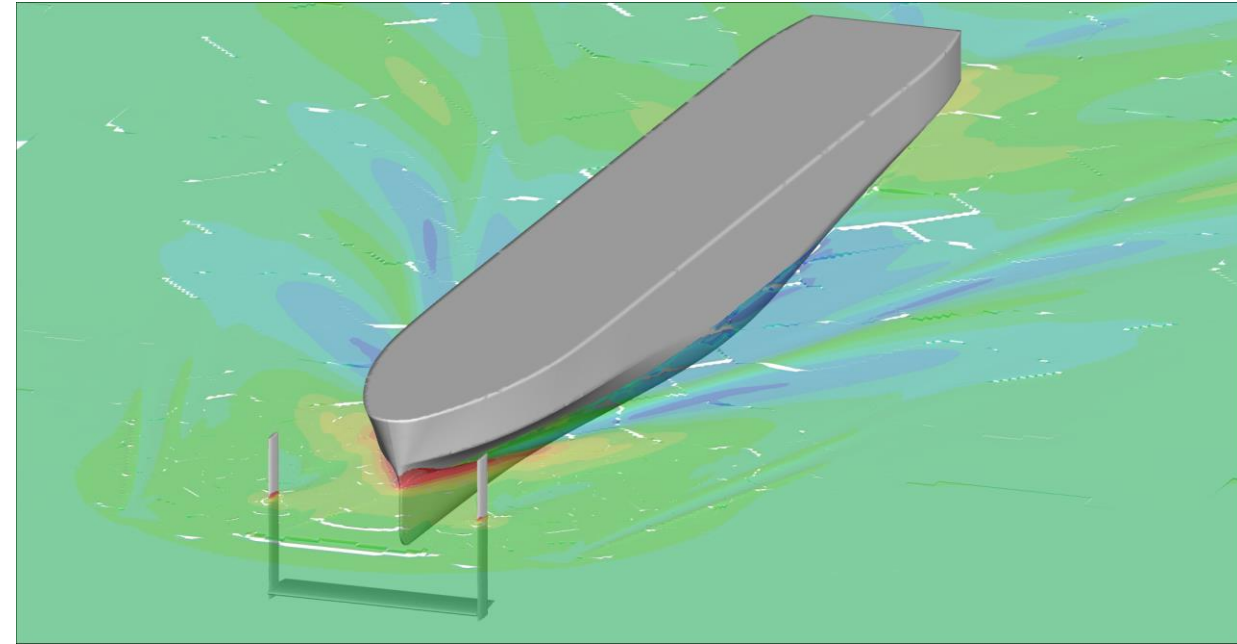
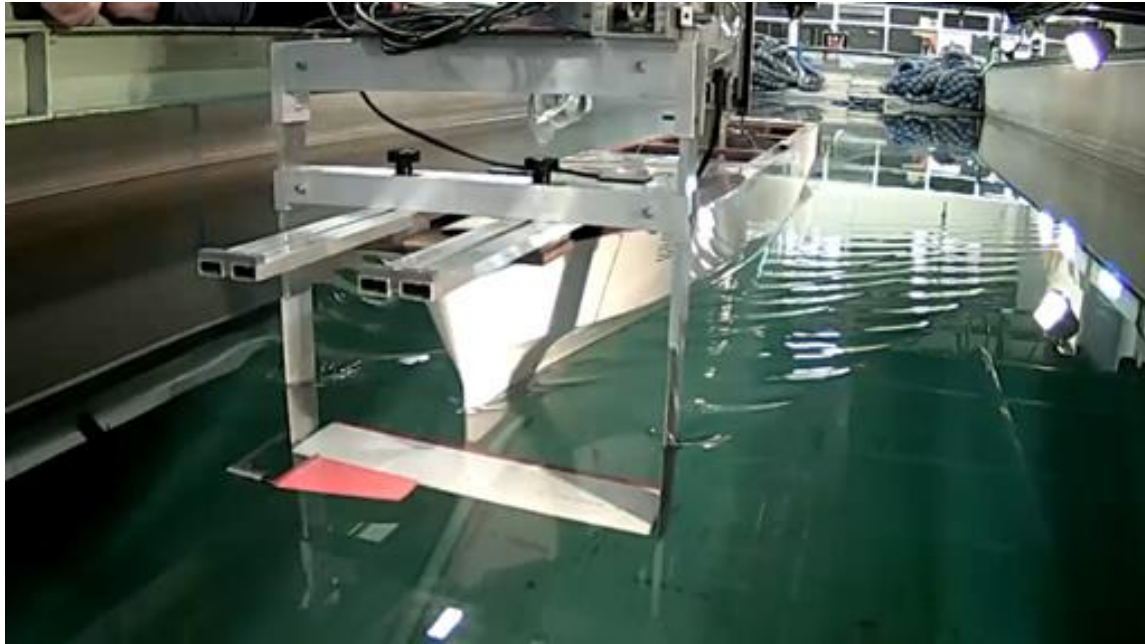
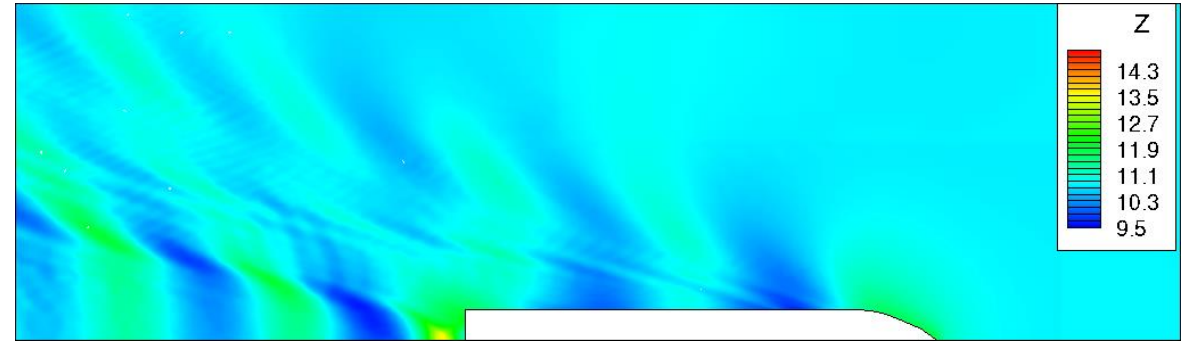
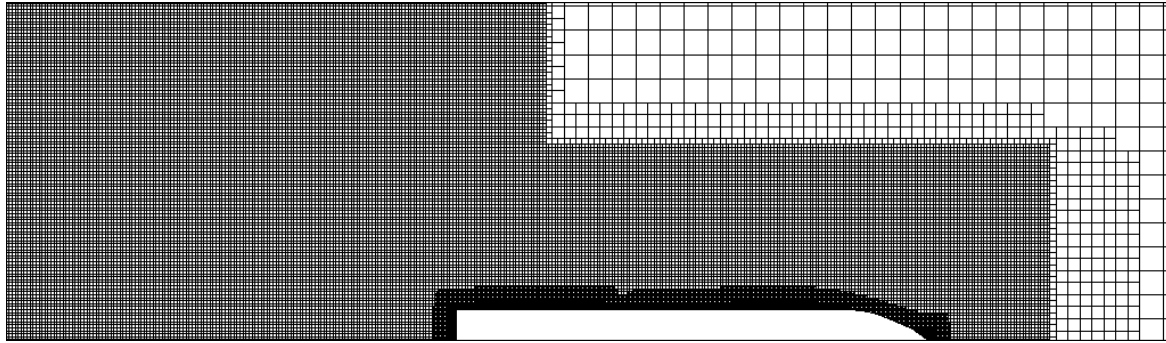


## BK00



## BK10





*Belibassakis K., Filippas E. and Papadakis G. "Numerical and Experimental Investigation of the Performance of Dynamic Wing for Augmenting Ship Propulsion in Head and Quartering Seas." Journal of Marine Science and Engineering 10.1 (2022): 24-SEATECH EU project*

**Thank you !**